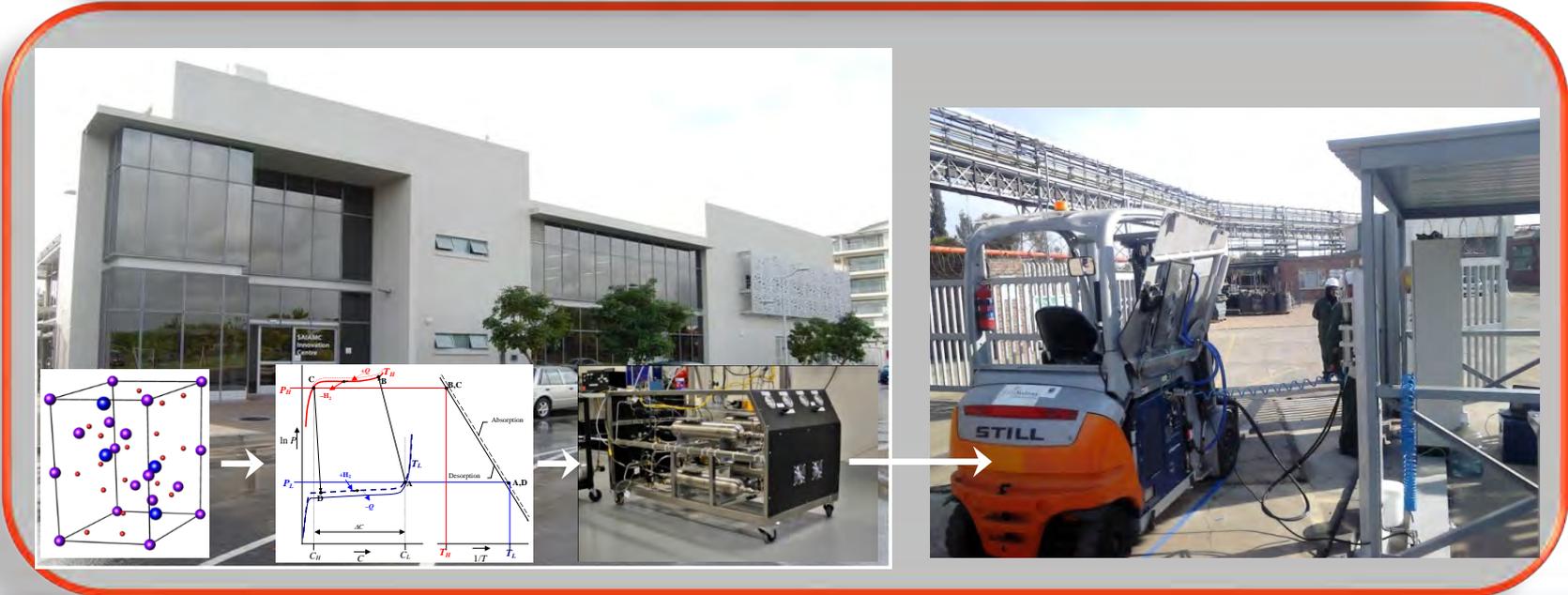


M. Lototskyy
**Metal Hydrides – from Basic Materials
Development to Applications**
*Overview of MH-related R&D activities
of SAIAMC / HySA Systems MH team*



Hydrogen South Africa (HySA): Organization





HySA Systems

Combined Heat & Power

HT-MEA

System Integration

System Validation

System/Stack Modelling



Hydrogen Fuelled Vehicles

HT -MEA

HT-PEMFC Stacks

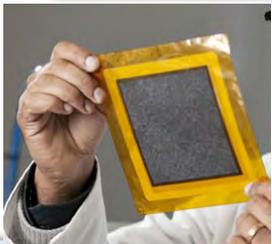
System Integration

System Validation

System/Stack Modelling

Key Technologies

- ✓ High Temperature PEM Fuel Cell Stacks ($>120^{\circ}\text{C}$)
- ✓ HT-MEAs for HT-PEMFCs
- ✓ **Solid State Hydrogen Storage (MH)**
- ✓ Li-ion Batteries
- ✓ Pd-membranes
- ✓ Power Modules for Hybrid Hydrogen Fuel Cell Vehicles



HySA Systems: resources



University of the Western Cape



Total 3000 m² usable floor space

- 250 m² testing of fuel cell systems
- 150 m² MEA processing and fuel cell preparation
- 1000 m² of MH pilot plant

Total 38 (7) people:

Director, 2 Programme Managers, 3 Key technology specialists, 3(1) engineers

10(2) post-doctoral, 5(1) PhD and (4)MSc students

3(1) technicians and 2 research assistants

1 administrative staff, 6 Support Staff

MH activities at SAIAMC and HySA SYSTEMS

Background

- Strong expertise in synthetic procedures:
 - Melting & annealing
 - Surface modification / electroless plating (PGM)
 - Carbon nanomaterials (CNT)
 - Reactive Ball Milling
- Various analytical facilities + necessary skill
 - XRD, SEM, TEM
 - BET, DSC
 - Gas analysis (GC, MS)
 - Sieverts apparatus
- Computer modelling (PCT, kinetics, heat-and-mass transfer)
- Infrastructure + necessary skill for components & systems manufacturing and testing
- Strong international links with MH and HFCT teams (Norway, Germany, Croatia, China, Russia, etc.: both MH materials and systems)



MH activities at SAIAMC started in 2004

Recently Completed and Actual MH Related Activities at SAIAMC and HySA Systems

- Poisoning-tolerant surface modified MH materials. MH systems for H₂ separation & purification
- AB₅- and AB₂-type MH alloys: preparation (up to 15 kg/load) & characterisation
- Mg-based nanocomposites for H storage and heat management
- Thermally-driven MH H₂ compressors
- MH system integration:
 - H storage systems for LT PEM FC applications
 - H storage (+ refuelling) systems for utility vehicles



Funding Sources

- South African Government (*incl. co-funding of international collaborative projects*):
 - Department of Science and Technology (DST);
 - National Research Foundation (NRF);
 - Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) via THRIP programme.



- South African industry:

- Eskom Holdings Limited;
- Impala Platinum.



- International funding:

- EU via H2020 / RISE program.



Total budget of MH-related projects at SAIAMC – ~ R5m / y

MH projects (HySA funded)

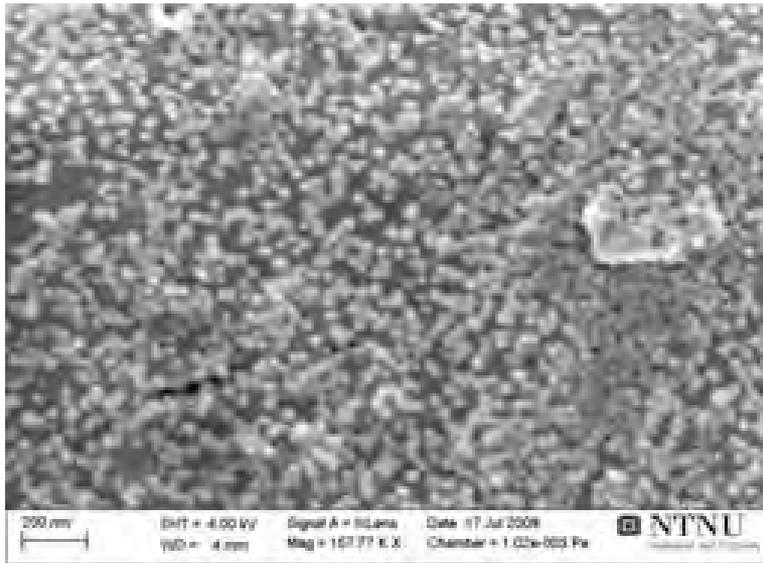
- Key Programme 2 – Portable Power Systems:
 - KP2-S01 – MH H₂-Storage for LT PEMFC Power Systems (2008–2010).
- Key Programme 3 – Hydrogen Fuelled Vehicles:
 - KP3-S02 – On Board Use of Metal Hydrides for Utility Vehicles (2008–present);
 - KP3-S04 – On-Board Hydrogen Storage (2008–2012).
- Key Programme 8 – Special Projects:
 - KP8-S02 – Metal Hydride Integrated Energy Systems (2008–2011);
 - KP8-S05 – Metal Hydrides for underground Mining Applications (2015–present).

HySA Systems projects (Additional funding)

- **South African Government:**
 - DST Innovation Project – South African Metal Hydride Alloys: Proof of Concept (2012–2014);
 - DTI / NRF THRIP project – Advanced Materials and Technologies for Hydrogen-Powered Utility Vehicles (2013–2015).
- **South African industry:**
 - Eskom – Materials and Processes for UCG product gas, clean up and storage (MH materials and systems for hydrogen separation, purification and compression; 2008–2015);
 - Impala Platinum – Development of a Fuel Cell Powered Forklift Utilising Advanced Metal Hydride Hydrogen Storage and Refuelling (2012–present);
 - Anglo American Platinum – Underground use of FC Technologies (2014–2015).
- **International funding:**
 - International Science and Technology Agreements South Africa – Norway – Industrial Applications of Metal Hydrides for Hydrogen Extraction, Storage and Compression / HYDROTECH (co-funded by NRF, 2007–2010, prolonged to 2013);
 - ERAfrica FP7 Programme – Advanced Hydrogen Energy Systems / HENERGY (co-funded by DST, 2014–2018);
 - Horizon 2020 / RISE Programme – Hydrogen fuelled utility vehicles and their support systems utilising metal hydrides / HYDRIDE4MOBILITY (started in February 2018).

Poisoning-Tolerant Surface Modified MH Materials

- **2007-2012; completed:**
 - Eskom-funded SAIAMC project;
 - South Africa – Norway Research collaboration project;
 - HySA Systems project KP8-S01.

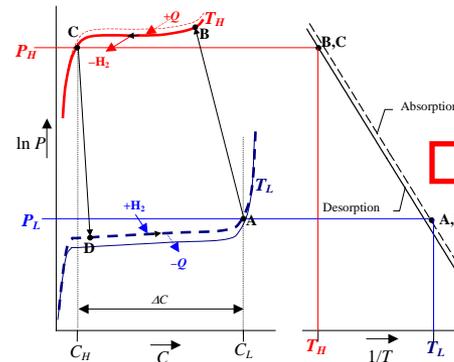
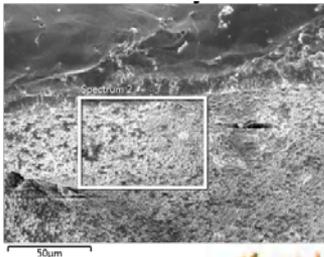
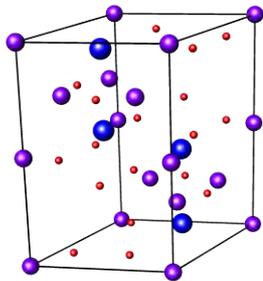


- Substrate: AB₅ (A=La; B=Ni+Co+Mn+Al)
- Surface modification: fluorination + functionalisation + electroless deposition of Pd (2 international patents)
- No significant deterioration of the surface modified MH was observed (CO up to 100 ppm, CO₂ up to 30%)
- Introduction of CO₂ + CO reduces H₂ separation productivity by 20% only, stable performance over ~200 cycles.



AB₅- and AB₂-type MH alloys for H storage & compression

- **2009 – ...; on going:**
 - DST innovation project;
 - HySA Systems projects KP3-S02, (KP8-S01), KP8-S05.



MH Alloys Manufactured at HySA Systems

Raw Materials
(RE+Ni+M1, or Ti+Zr+M2);
M1=Al, Mn, ...;
M2=Cr, Mn, Ni, V, Fe, ...

Melting & casting

Ingot

Annealing

Crushing & Milling

Mixing with Additives

**MH Material
Powder**

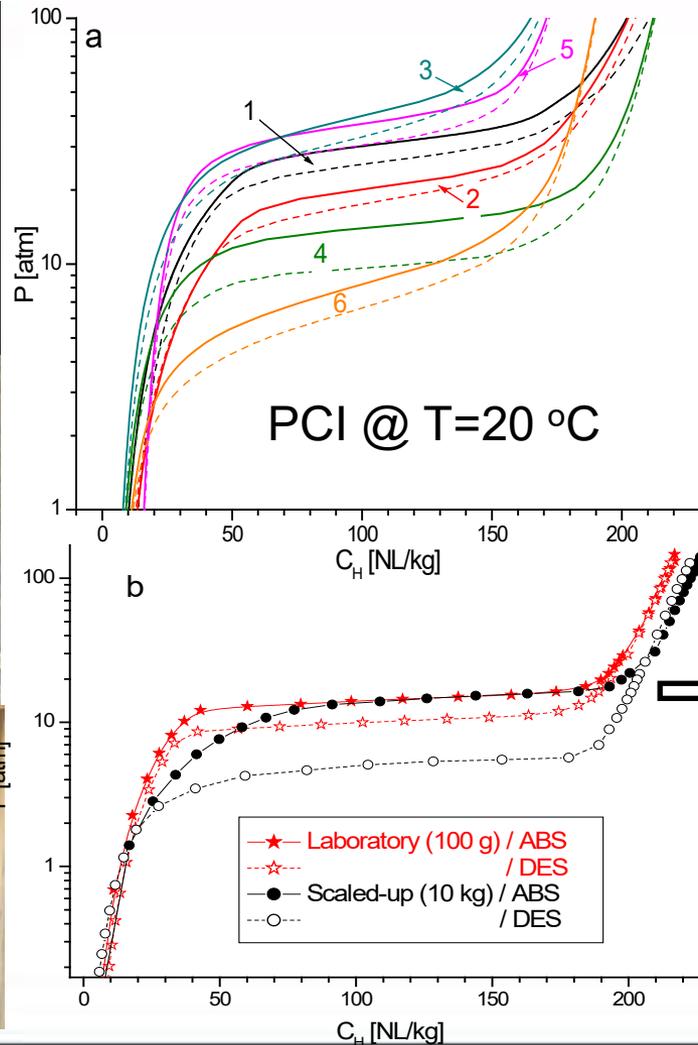
- Locally developed induction melting and annealing furnaces
- Production capacity up to 15Kg per a load
- Original recipes (AB₅ & AB₂): *customized compositions according to customer's specifications, including target PCT performances for H₂ absorption / desorption*
- Mostly South African feedstock
- H storage capacities 160 to ≥200 Ncm³/g
- H₂ equilibrium pressures at T=20°C from <1 to ~50 bar
- Suitable for H storage and H₂ compression applications
- Patented solution on the preparation of MH composite and its loading in MH container: *easy activation, tolerance to gas impurities, low pyrophority, and better heat transfer performances of the MH bed.*

**The MH manufacturing facilities
were built due to SA Government
(DST) funding**

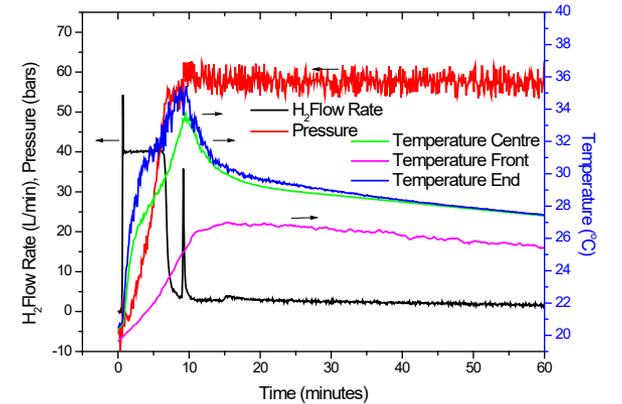


**UNIVERSITY of the
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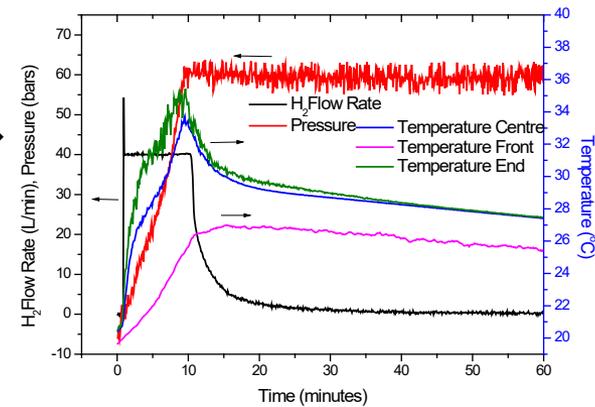
Some AB₂-type MH materials manufactured at HySA Systems



H₂ absorption tests in MH tank



Imported AB₂: 3.1 kg / 503 NL H₂

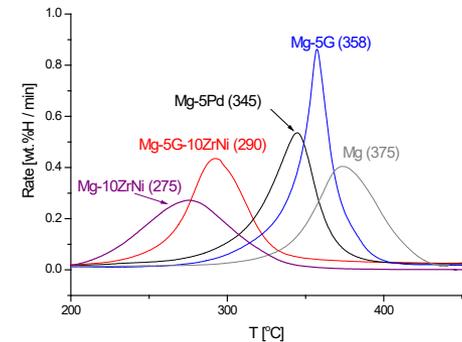
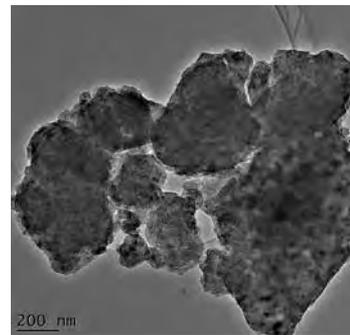
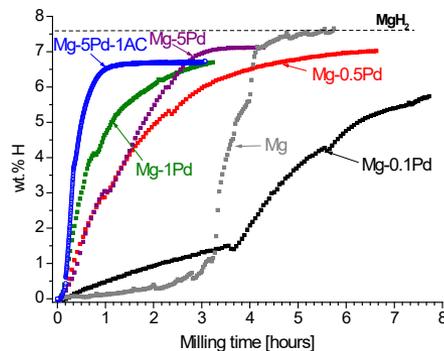
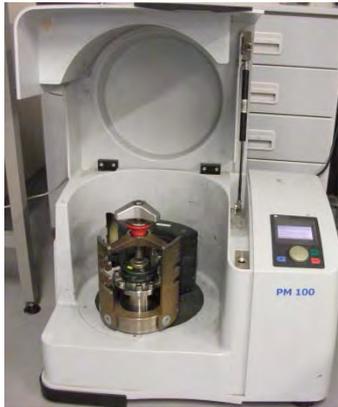


In-house produced AB₂: 2.9 kg / 624 NL H₂

Mg-based nanocomposites for H storage and heat management

- **2007 – ...; on going:**

- South Africa – Norway research collaboration project;
- EU FP7 “ERAfrica” research collaboration project (NO, TR, EG, ZA);
- HySA Systems projects KP3-S02, (KP3-S04);
- THRIP project.



Thermally-driven MH H₂ compressors

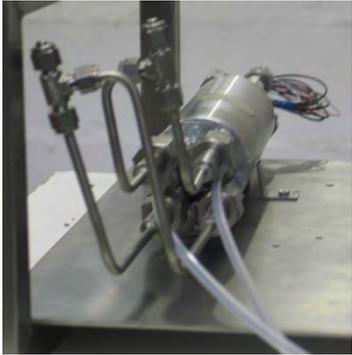
- **2008-...; on-going:**
 - Eskom-funded SAIAMC project;
 - HySA Systems projects KP3-S02, (KP8-S01).



Objective / general approach

- To develop prototype MH H₂ compressors potentially satisfying the requirements of industrial consumers:
 - Providing necessary H₂ pressure (up to 200 bar) and productivity (x 1...10 m³/h);
 - Operation using available infrastructure for heating (steam, water; up to 150 °C) and cooling (water; 15...25 °C);
 - Competitive cost / performance / service requirements as compared to available prototypes.

MH containers for H₂ compression



A. Small-scale

- 4x ½" OD SS tubes in heat-distributing Al block
- 10 (2 stages) to 20 (1 stage) NL H₂
- Electric heating, water cooling
- Heating / cooling time 5-10 min



B. Medium-scale

- Internal HE with fins
- Up to 2 Nm³ H₂
- Steam (or pressurised water) heating, water cooling
- Heating / cooling time ~35-40 min
- Fully certified according to SA regulations (200 bar @ 200 °C)



C. Industrial-scale

- Extruded internal HE with fins + external heating / cooling jacket
- 2.5 Nm³ H₂
- Steam heating, water cooling
- Heating / cooling time ~20-25 min
- Fully certified according to SA regulations (200 bar @ 200 °C)

MH H₂ compressors developed at SAIAMC



2008: Small-scale prototype

- 2 stage layout (1 – AB₅; 2 – AB₂)
- Electric heating (130 °C), water cooling (15..25°C)
- H₂ compression in the range 7 – 200 bar
- Productivity up to 60 NL/h



2011: Medium-scale prototype

- 2 stage layout (1 – AB₅; 2 – AB₂)
- Steam / pressurised water heating (130 °C), water cooling (15..25°C)
- H₂ compression in the range 10 – 200 bar
- Productivity up to 1 Nm³/h

2014: Industrial-scale prototype

- 3 stage layout (1,2 – AB₅; 3 – AB₂)
- Steam heating (140 °C), water cooling (15..25°C)
- H₂ compression in the range 3 – 200 bar
- Productivity up to 5 Nm³/h



Testing facilities (industrial scale MH compressors)



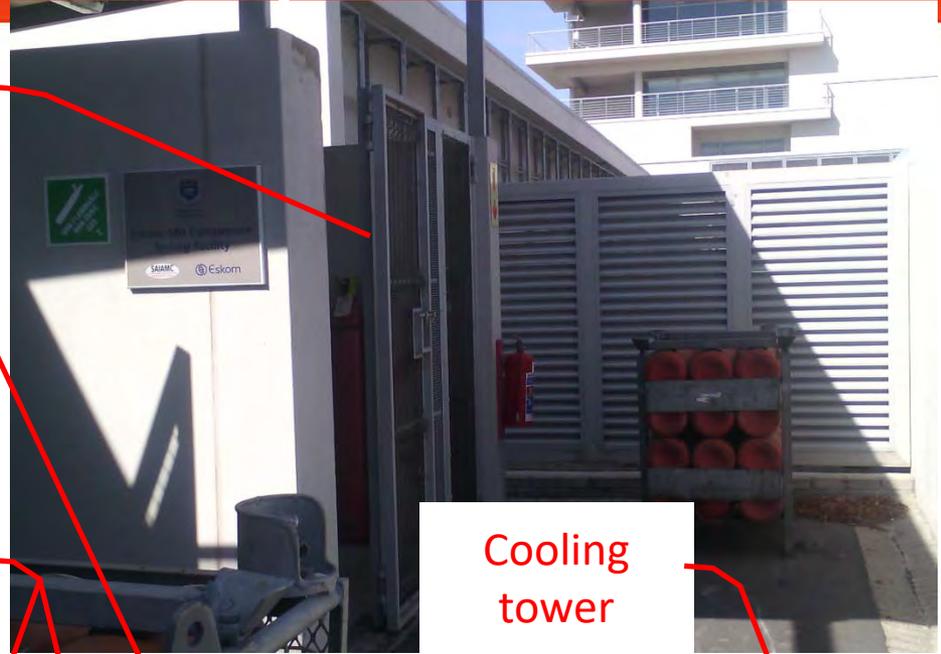
- Recently commissioned;
- Will be used to fill H₂ cylinders from electrolyser;
- On-going tests.

SAIAMC
H₂ storage
compartment

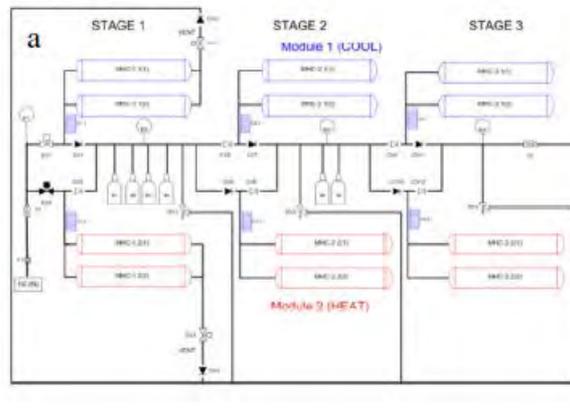
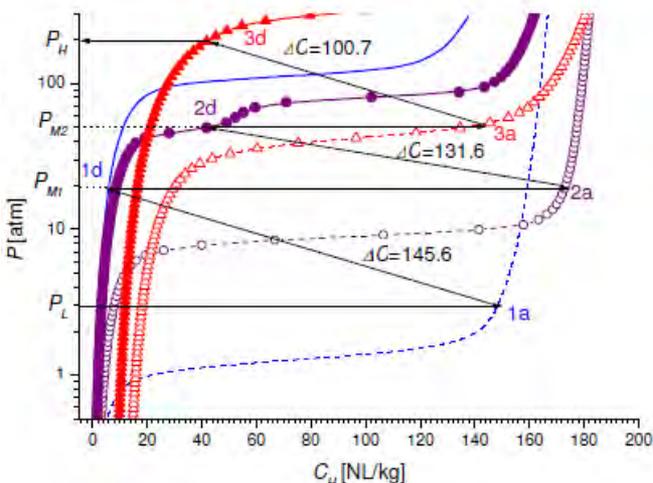
Steam
generator

MH
compressor

Cooling
tower



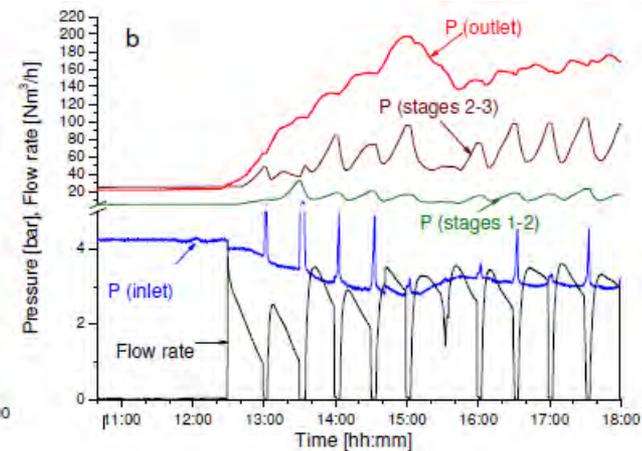
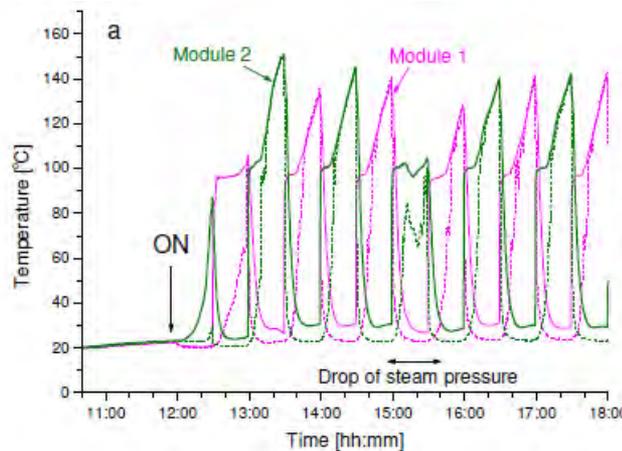
Prototype 3-stage MH hydrogen compressor: test results



Simplified gas piping diagram (a) and general view (b).

PCT for H absorption at $T_L=298$ K (a) and H desorption at $T_H=403$ K (d) for: $\text{LaNi}_{4.9}\text{Sn}_{0.1}$ (1), $\text{La}_{0.8}\text{Ce}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_5$ (2) and $\text{C14-Ti}_{0.65}\text{Zr}_{0.35}(\text{Mn, Cr, Fe, Ni})_{2+x}$ (3).

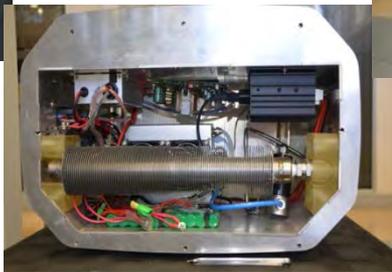
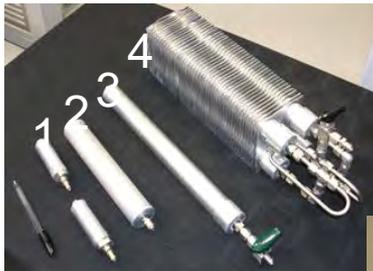
- 3 stage layout (1,2 – AB_5 ; 3 – AB_2)
- $T_L \sim 20$ °C (water), $T_H \sim 130$ °C (steam);
- $P_L \geq 3$ bar, $P_H \leq 200$ bar
- Productivity up to 5 Nm^3/h



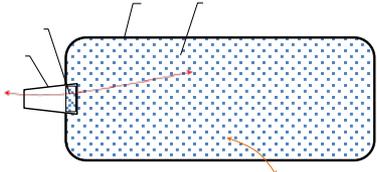
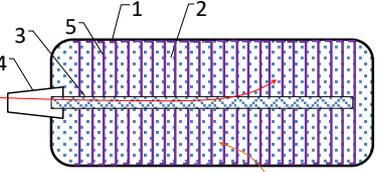
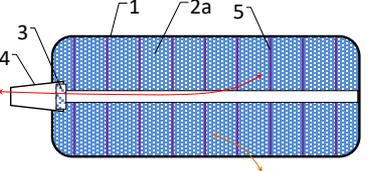
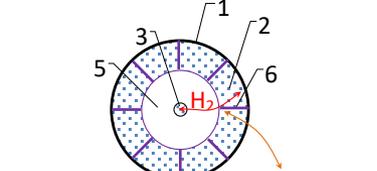
Typical operation: (a) temperatures of the compression modules; (b) H_2 pressures and input flow rate.

MH system integration

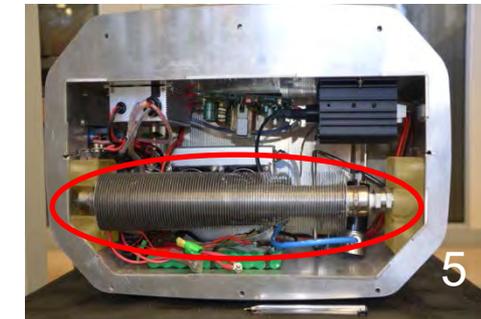
- **2011-...; on-going:**
 - HySA Systems projects KP3-S02, KP3-S03, KP8-S05;
 - Impala Platinum funded HySA Systems project;
 - THRIP project;
 - H2020 / RISE project



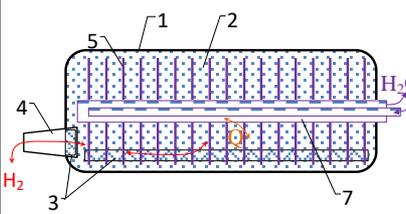
Metal hydride containers (1)

#	Inner layout	H storage capacity [NL]	Charge time [min]	Size [mm]	Weight: MH / Total [kg]
1		10.5	10	Ø25 x 100	0.07/0.16
2		90	45	Ø38 x 226	0.52/0.84
3		90	60	Ø34 x 330	0.60/1.01
4		360	50	100 x 100 x 360	2.40/4.52
5		90	15	Ø30 x 350	0.56/1.92
6		700	120	Ø110 x 800	5.3/21.3

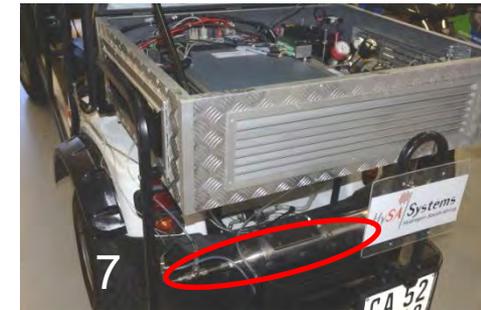
- Air heated / cooled
- H storage for FC systems (10W to 1 kW)



Metal hydride containers (2)

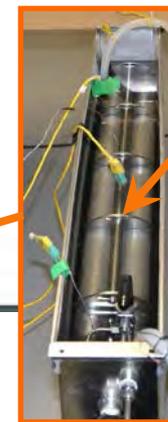
#	Inner layout	H storage capacity [Nm ³]	Charge time [min]	Size [mm]	Weight: MH / Total [kg]
7		2	30-60	Ø115 x 1060	12.2/32.0
8		0.5	10-15	Ø51.3 x 800	3.5/14.0
9		10	15	Ø34 x 330	70/250

- Liquid heated / cooled
- H storage for FC systems (1 to 15 kW)
- H₂ compression



1 – containment; 2 – MH powder, 2a – MH/TEG compacts; 3 – gas filter; 4 – gas connector; 5 – transversal fins; 6 – longitudinal fins; 7 – core of inner heat exchanger; H₂ – hydrogen flow; Q – heat supply / removal; H₂O – flow of heating / cooling water.

Layouts for ## 2-5, 8: Patent application WO 2015/189758 A1



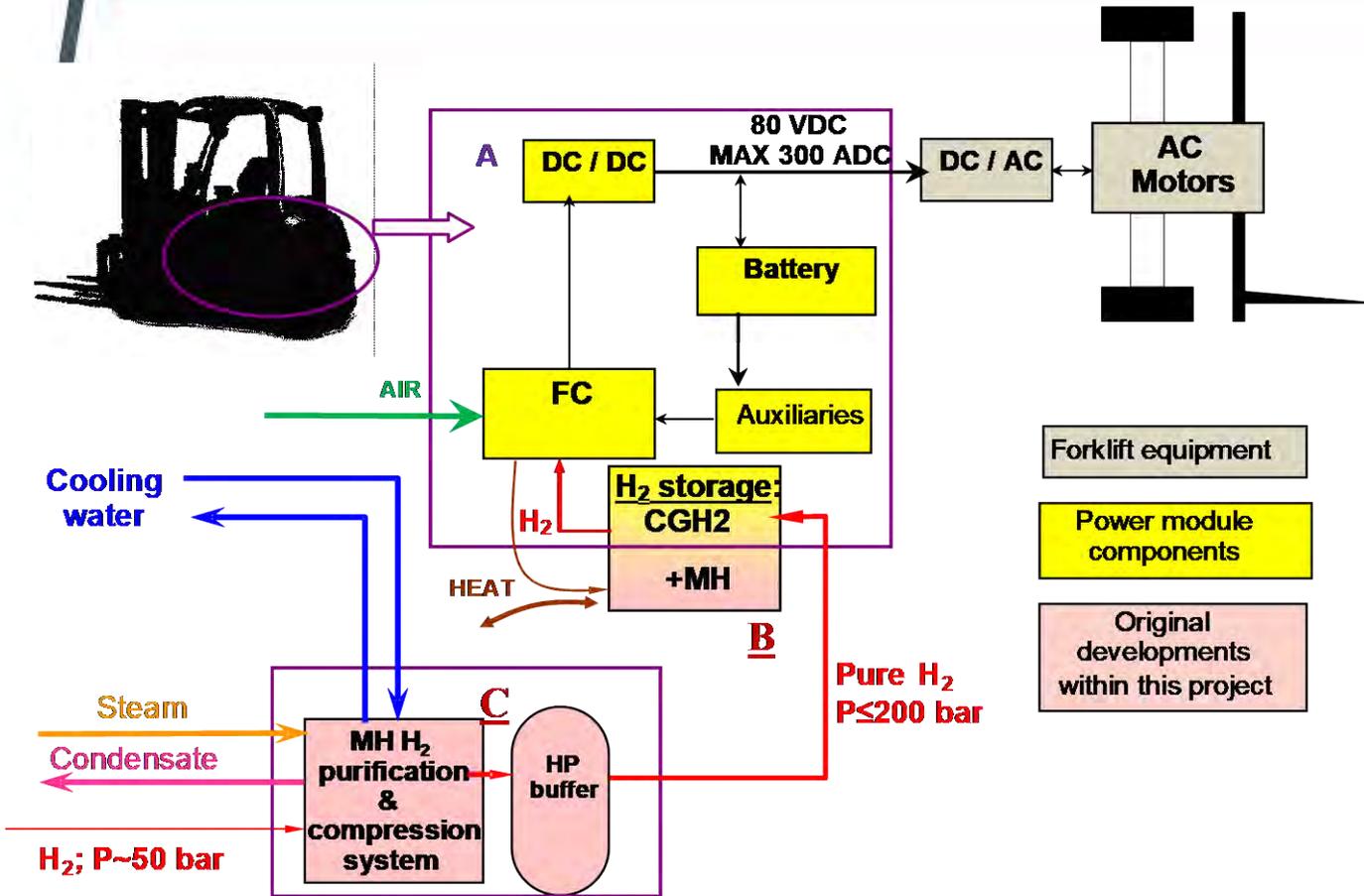
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MH for forklift: Project Highlights

- The objective of this project co-funded by Impala Platinum Ltd and the DST is to integrate metal hydride (MH) technologies for on-board hydrogen storage and related applications into utility vehicles providing their efficient system solutions, through the development of MH-based system components.
- The specific activities in the realising this objective included:
 - Integration of MH H storage and supply system in fuel cell powered forklift;
 - Development of the prototype forklift refuelling system with 50-200 bar 7-12 Nm³/h MH compressor;
 - Start-up and field tests of the hardware at the site of industrial customer (Impala Platinum Refineries).



System Concept



More details to be given
in HYDRIDE4MOBILITY overview presentation

- STILL RX-60-30 electric forklift, 3 ton lifting capacity, 80 VDC bus voltage.
- Commercial on-board fuel cell power module (A; GenDrive 1000 160X-80CEA / Plug Power) replacing the forklift battery and equipped with:
 - built-in CGH₂ hydrogen storage system and
 - MH hydrogen storage extension tank (B).
- Stationary hydrogen refuelling system (C) consisting of a low-pressure H₂ supply and a MH hydrogen compressor.

Future plans

- MH materials:
 - Optimising compositions and manufacturing procedures of MH alloys for H₂ compression (AB₅ – ≤1 bar; AB₂ – >400 bar).
- Integrated systems:
 - Forklifts, mine locomotives (FC power modules with integrated MH storage);
 - Small-to-medium scale MH H storage and supply systems for various applications.
- MH H₂ compressors:
 - Lowering suction pressure to ≤1 bar while maintaining productivity x10 Nm³/h;
 - Increase of discharge pressure to 400–700 bar (CGH2 refuelling systems).
- Other MH based systems:
 - Heat management applications;
 - ...



Thank you for listening!

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www.hysasystems.com



Extra slides

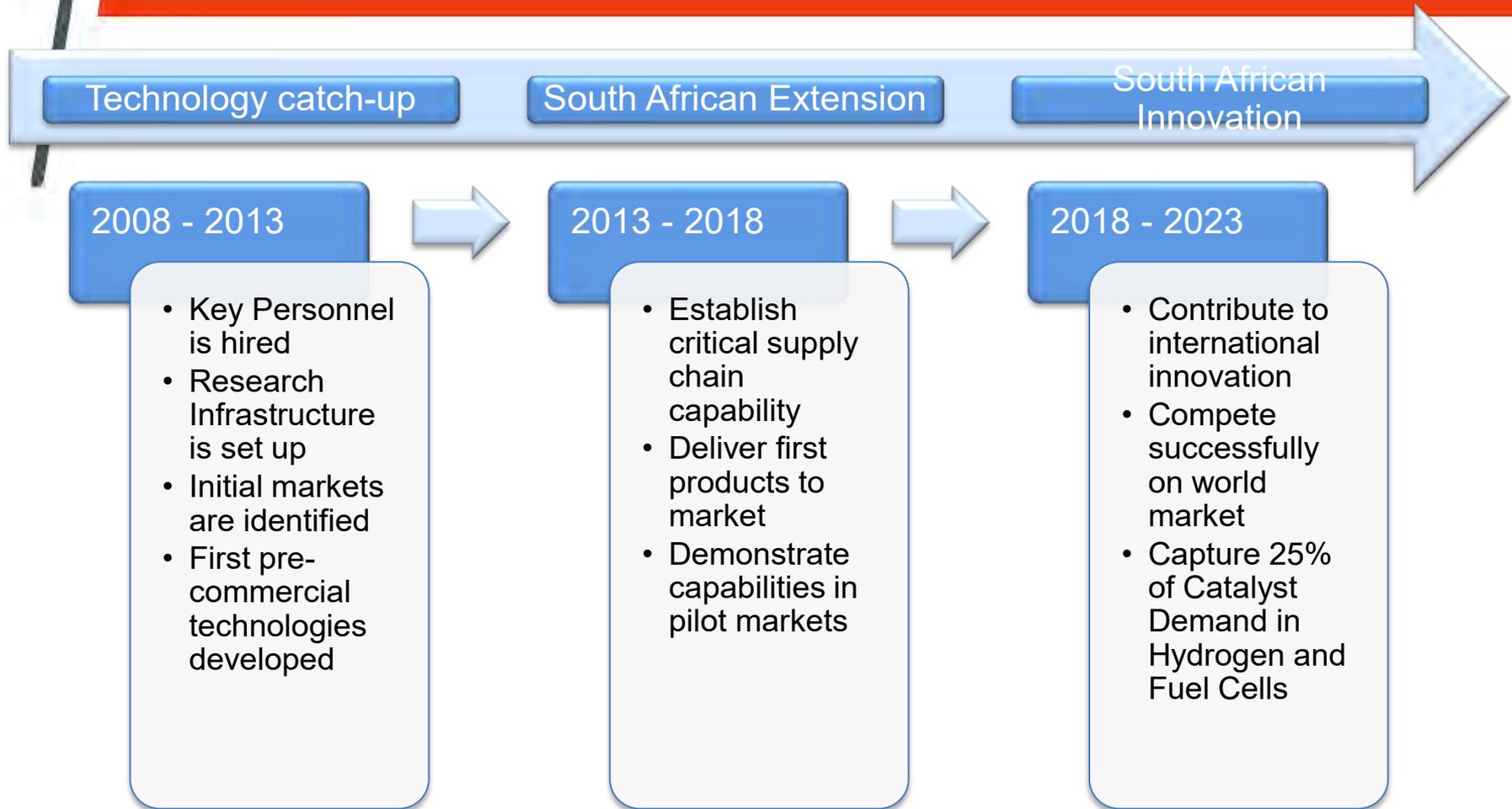
HySA Strategic Goals

- Develop local cost competitive hydrogen generation solution based on renewable resources
- Wealth creation through value added manufacturing of PGM catalysis, goal- supply 25% of PGM catalysts demand by 2020
- Promote equity and inclusion in the economic benefits of South Africa's resources, SMEs to play an important role



From: Dr Phil Mjwara, DG-DST: "Vision 2030: Hydrogen and Fuel Cells in SA", IPHE Meeting, Cape Town, 03 May 2012

HySA Implementation Plan



HySA Systems: Academic Collaborations



UNIVERSITY OF SPLIT
FACULTY OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, MECHANICAL
ENGINEERING AND NAVAL ARCHITECTURE



Faculty of Engineering
Cairo University



ORTA DOĞU TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ
MIDDLE EAST TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY



भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान गुवाहाटी
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY GUWAHATI

MH related projects:

- ✓ Completed: ZA–NO research collaboration program
- ✓ Ongoing: EU FP7 international collaboration project (NO, TR, ZA, EG; ERAfrica program) –PhD project co-supervised
- ✓ Recently granted: Horizon 2020 RISE project (NO, DE, HR, ZA, ID);
- ✓ Submitted: BRICS project proposal (ZA, CN, RU, IN)



H₂ separation and purification using surface-modified MH materials: *patents* and main publications

- *M. Williams, M.V.Lototsky, A.N.Nechaev, V.M.Linkov. Method of surface modification of metallic hydride forming materials, WO 2009/066263 A1: Patents ZA2010/03334 US 8354552 B2*
- *M. Williams, M.V.Lototsky, A.N.Nechaev, V.M.Linkov. Hydride-forming material, Patent ZA 2008/09123*
- M. Williams, C.A. Pineda-Vargas, E.V. Khataibe, B.J. Bladergroen, A.N. Nechaev, V.M. Linkov. Surface functionalization of porous ZrO₂-TiO₂ membranes using gamma-aminopropyltriethoxysilane in palladium electroless deposition, *Applied Surface Science* 254 (2008) 3211-3219
- M. Williams, A.N. Nechaev, M.V. Lototsky, V.A.Yartys, J.K.Solberg, R.V.Denys, C.Pineda, Q.Li, V.M.Linkov. Influence of aminosilane surface functionalization of rare earth hydride-forming alloys on palladium treatment by electroless deposition and hydrogen sorption kinetics of composite materials, *Materials Chemistry and Physics* 115 (2009) 136-141
- M. Williams, M. V. Lototsky, V. M. Linkov, A. N. Nechaev, J. K. Solberg, V. A.Yartys. Nanostructured surface coatings for the improvement of AB₅-type hydrogen storage intermetallics, *International Journal of Energy Research* 33(13) (2009) 1171-1179
- M Williams, M. Lototsky, A. Nechaev, V.Yartys, J.K.Solberg, R.V.Denys,, V.M.Linkov. Palladium mixed-metal surface-modified AB₅-type intermetallics enhance hydrogen sorption kinetics, *South African Journal of Science* 106(9/10) (2010) Article # 310
- M.V. Lototsky, M. Williams, V.A. Yartys, Ye.V. Klochko, V.M. Linkov. Surface-modified advanced hydrogen storage alloys for hydrogen separation and purification, *Journal of Alloys and Compounds* 509S (2011) S555-S561
- M. Lototsky, K.D. Modibane, M. Williams, Ye. Klochko, V. Linkov, B.G. Pollet. Application of surface-modified metal hydrides for hydrogen separation from gas mixtures containing carbon dioxide and monoxide, *Journal of Alloys and Compounds* 580 (2013) S382-S385
- K.D. Modibane, M. Williams, M. Lototsky, M.W. Davids, Ye. Klochko, B.G. Pollet. Poisoning-tolerant metal hydride materials and their application for hydrogen separation from CO₂ / CO containing gas mixtures, *International Journal of Hydrogen Energy* 38 (2013) 9800-9810



Ti-based MH materials: *patents* and main publications

- *M.Lototskyy, M.W.Davids. Method for preparing hydride-forming alloys, ZA2012/03824*
- *M.Lototskyy, M.W.Davids, B.G. Pollet, V. Linkov, Y.Klochko. Metal Hydride Bed, Metal Hydride Container, and Method for the Making thereof, PCT/IB2015/054321*
- M.W.Davids, M.Lototskyy. Influence of oxygen introduced in TiFe-based hydride forming alloy on its morphology, structural and hydrogen sorption properties, International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 37 (2012) 18155-18162
- M.W. Davids, M. Lototskyy, B.G. Pollet. Manufacturing of hydride-forming alloys from mixed titanium – iron oxide, Advanced Materials Research 746 (2013) 14-22



Mg-based nanocomposites : *patent* and main publications

- *M.W.Davids, M.Lototsky, M.Williams, J.M.Sibanyoni, B.G.Pollet, V.M.Linkov. Method for preparation of hydride forming material on the basis of nanostructured magnesium hydride, ZA 2012/08851*
- Y.Wu, M.V.Lototsky, J.K Solberg, V.A.Yartys, W.Hana, S.X. Zhou. Microstructure and novel hydrogen storage properties of melt-spun Mg–Ni–Mm alloy; Journal of Alloys and Compounds 477 (2009) 262–266
- M. V. Lototsky, R. V. Denys, V. A. Yartys. Combustion-type hydrogenation of nanostructured Mg-based composites for hydrogen storage; Int. J. Energy Research, 33 (13) (2009) 1114-1125
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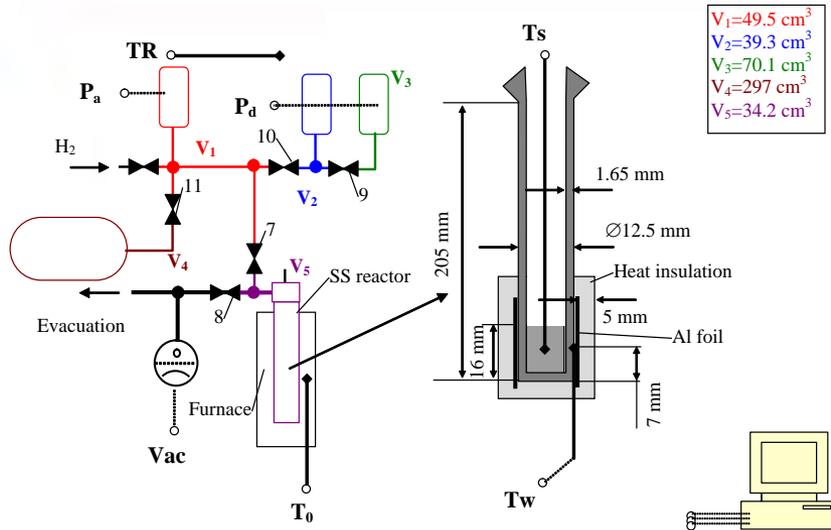
MH H₂ compressors: *patents* and main publications

- *M.Lototskyy, V.M.Linkov. Hydride container, Patent ZA2009/02427*
- *M.Lototskyy, Ye.Klochko, V.M.Linkov. Metal hydride hydrogen compressor, WO 2012/114229 AI: Patent ZA2011/01351*
- *M.Lototskyy, M.W.Davids, B.G. Pollet, V.Linkov, Y.Klochko. Metal hydride bed, metal hydride container, and method for the making thereof, Patent Applications ZA2014/04205, PCT/IB2015/05432 1*
- *M.V. Lototskyy, D.Swanepoel, M.W.Davids, Y.Klochko, B.J. Bladergroen, V.M. Linkov. Multistage metal hydride hydrogen compressor, Patent Application ZA2015/01837*
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MH H₂ storage / integrated systems: *patents* and main publications

- *M.Lototsky, V.M.Linkov. Hydride container, Patent ZA2009/02427*
- *M.Lototsky, I.Tolj, M.W.Davids, B.G Pollet, V.Linkov. Hydrogen storage and supply system integrated with fuel cell power pack, Patent Application ZA2014/08640*
- I.Tolj, M.V. Lototsky, M.W.Davids, S.Pasupathi, G.Swart, B.G. Pollet. Fuel cell-battery hybrid powered light electric vehicle (golf cart): influence of fuel cell on the driving performance, International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 38 (2013) 10630-10639
- M. Lototsky, I. Tolj, M.W. Davids, P. Bujlo, F. Smith, B.G. Pollet. “Distributed hybrid” MH–CGH₂ system for hydrogen storage and its supply to LT PEMFC power modules, Journal of Alloys and Compounds 645 (2015) S329-S333
- M.V. Lototsky, M.W.Davids, I.Tolj, Y.V.Klochko, B. Satya Sekhar, S.Chidziva, F.Smith, D.Swanepoel, B.G.Pollet. Metal hydride systems for hydrogen storage and supply for stationary and automotive low temperature PEM fuel cell power modules, International Journal of Hydrogen Energy 40 (2015) 11491-11497
- B. Satya Sekhar, A. Kolesnikov, M. L.Moropeng, M. Lototsky, B.P.Tarasov, B.G. Pollet. Performance analysis of cylindrical metal hydride beds with various heat exchange options, Journal of Alloys and Compounds 645 (2015) S89-S95
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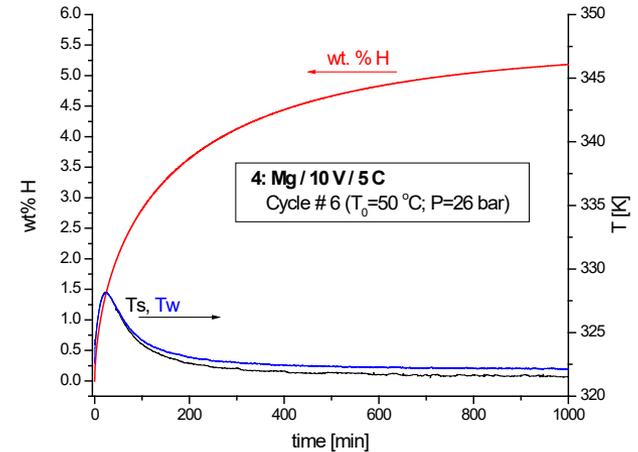
Mg – BCC-V Alloy: Combustion-Type Hydrogenation



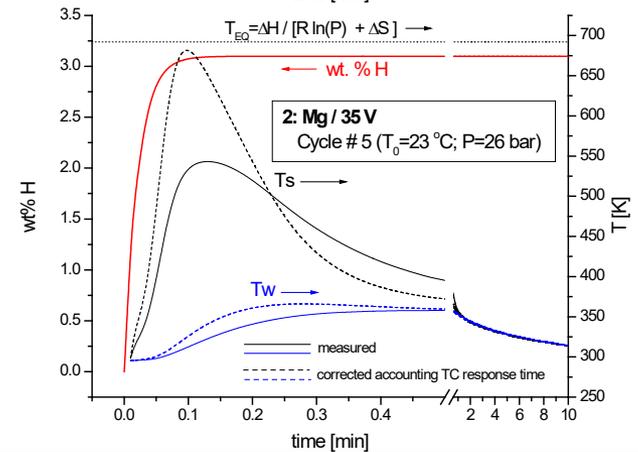
Two re-hydrogenation modes were observed:

1. In slow mode hydrogenation takes place even at RT and is completed in 10–15 hours; 80–90% of MAX H capacity is achieved.
2. In fast (combustion) mode hydrogenation completes in 5–60 seconds and is accompanied by a significant heat release; sample temperature, T_s , approaches equilibrium value ($Mg \leftrightarrow MgH_2$) for the operating H_2 pressure; 60–65% of MAX H capacity is achieved (80% for Mg / 10V / 5 C).

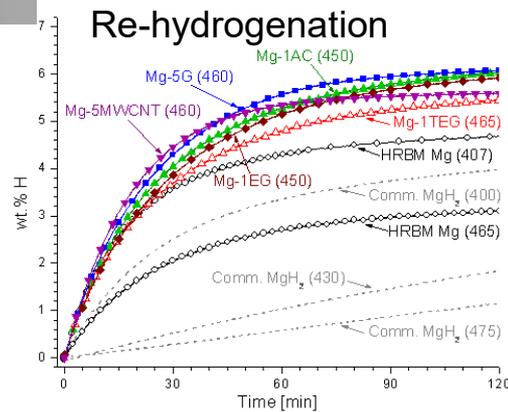
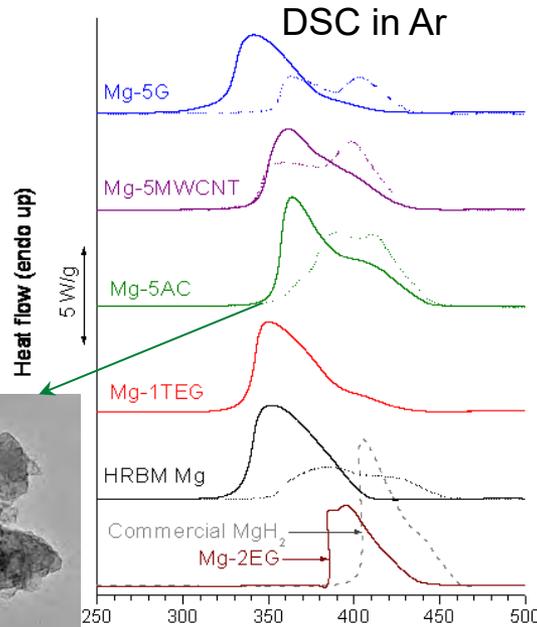
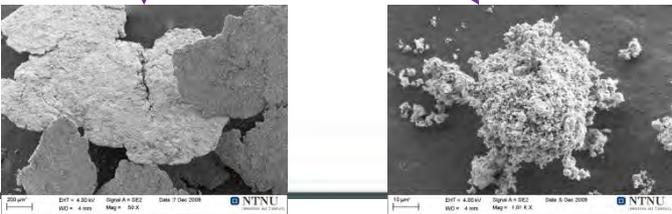
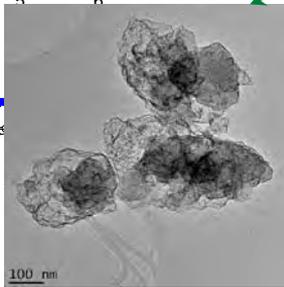
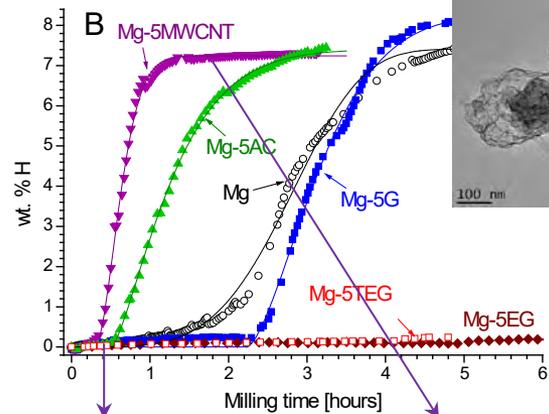
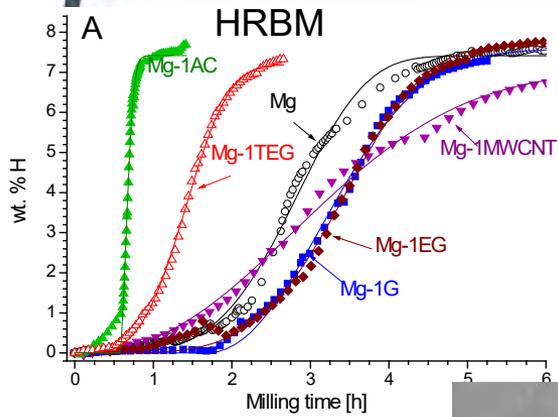
Slow



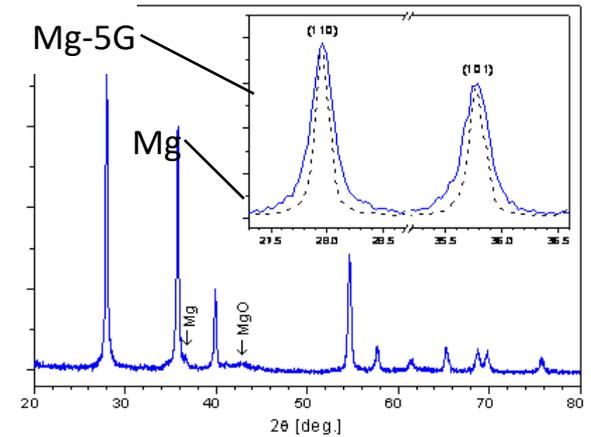
Fast



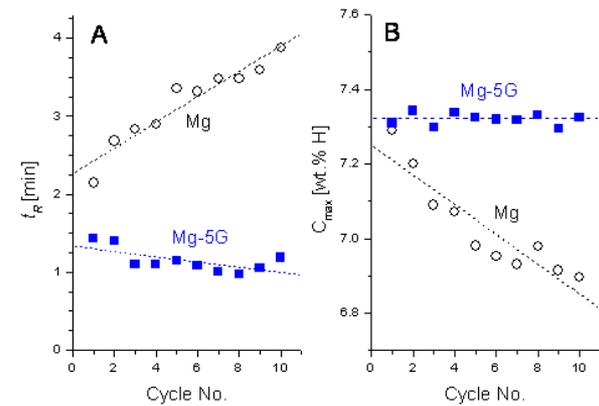
Mg - C



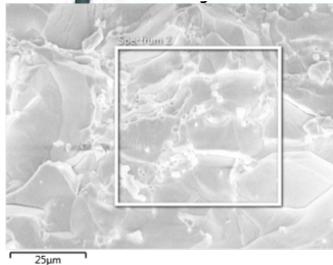
XRD of re-hydrogenated samples



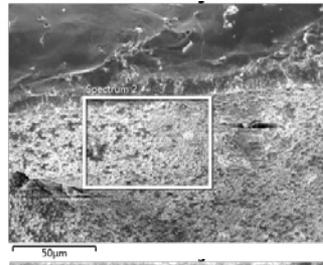
Cycle stability



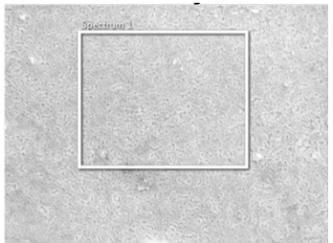
Quality Assurance – Composition (SEM / EDS)



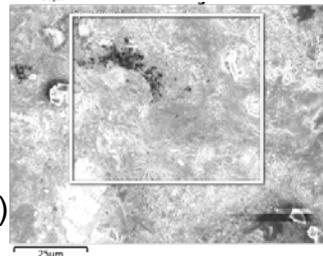
Major phase



Impurity 2 (top)



Impurity 1 (side)



Impurity 3 (bottom)



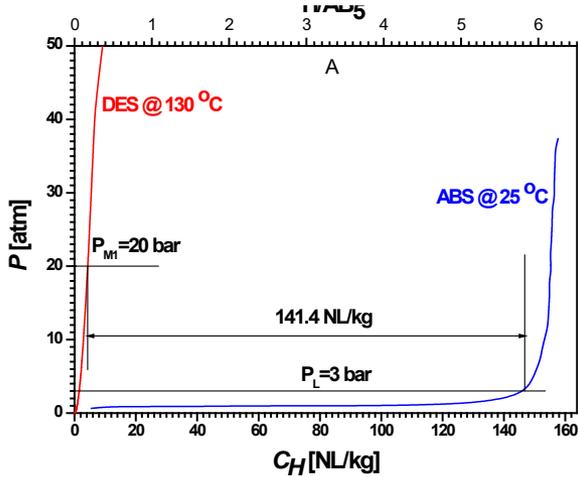
Significant amounts of C and O in the impurity phases (casting in a graphite mould)

Component	Major phase (7 spectra)			Impurity 1 (3 spectra)	Impurity 2 (1 spectrum)	Impurity 3 (1 spectrum)
	Nominal composition [at.%]	Results of analysis [at.%]	Deviation from nominal composition [at.%]	Results of analysis [at.%]	Results of analysis [at.%]	Results of analysis [at.%]
Ti (A)	18.31	18.04 ± 0.72	-0.27	19.47 ± 0.49	17.52	11.22
Zr (A)	14.98	15.15 ± 2.05	+0.17	39.45 ± 0.95	24.77	86.55
Cr (B)	27.96	28.91 ± 1.22	+0.95	22.47 ± 0.18	20.10	1.71
Mn (B)	12.85	12.91 ± 0.65	+0.06	1.58 ± 0.79	22.57	0
Fe (B)	18.31	18.07 ± 0.72	-0.24	13.13 ± 1.18	11.03	0.52
Ni (B)	6.66	6.19 ± 1.23	-0.47	3.9 ± 0.24	4.02	0
Cu (B)	0.93	0.74 ± 0.22	-0.19	0	0	0
B/A	2.00	2.01		0.70	1.36	0.02

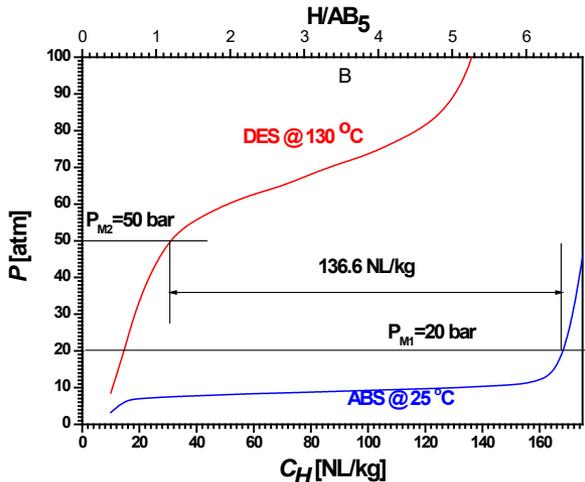
More “pure” casting achieved by the installation of water cooled Cu mould

MH materials for H₂ compression

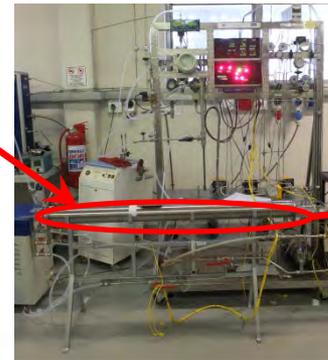
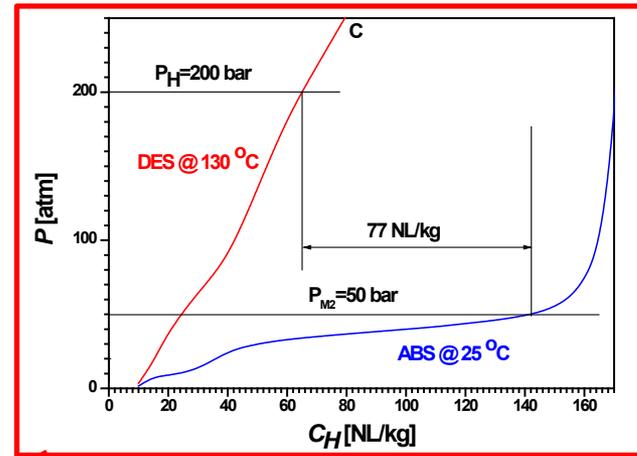
Stage -(1): LaNi_{4.9}Sn_{0.1}
3 to 20 bar, ~140 NL/kg



Stage 1(2): La_{0.8}Ce_{0.2}Ni₅
10-20 to 50 bar, ~135 NL/kg



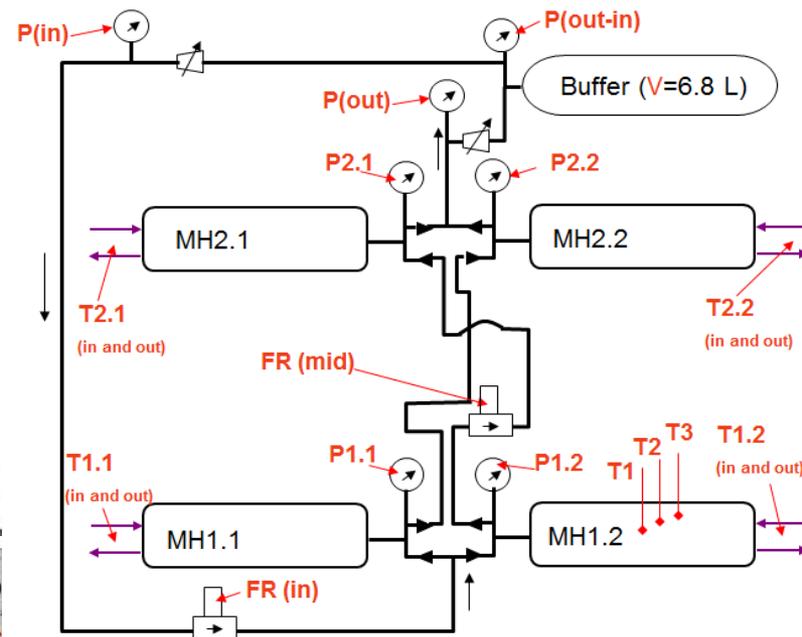
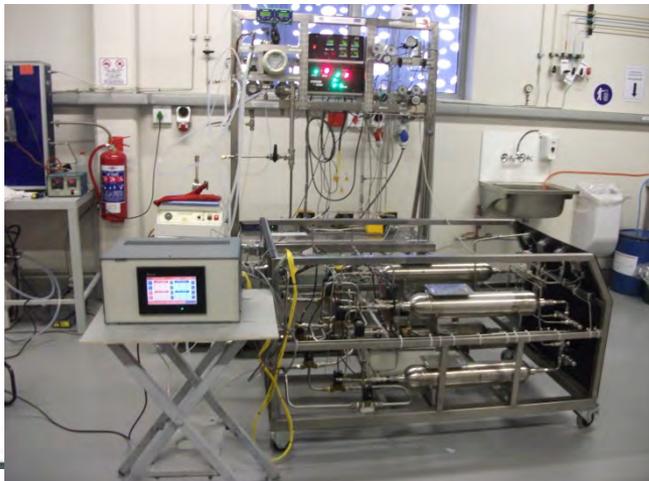
Stage 2(3): AB_{2+x} (A=Ti+Zr; B=Mn+Fe+Cr+Ni)
50 to 200 bar, ~80 NL/kg



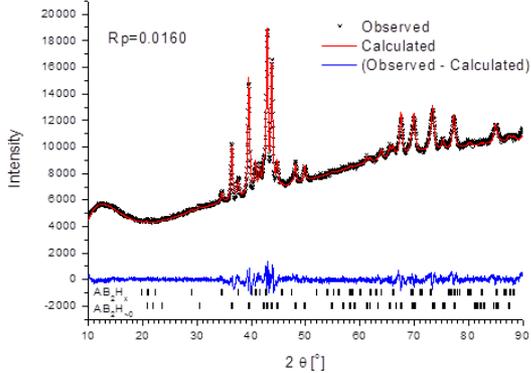
Testing facilities (small- to medium scale)



- Possibility to test both MH containers and MH compressors (1-200 bar, up to 6 m³/h);
- Heating:
 - Steam (up to 140°C / 10 kg/h);
 - Pressurised water (up to 180 °C / 20 L/min);
- Cooling: tap water (~20 °C, up to 20 L/min);
- Data acquisition (P, FR, T) using LabView.

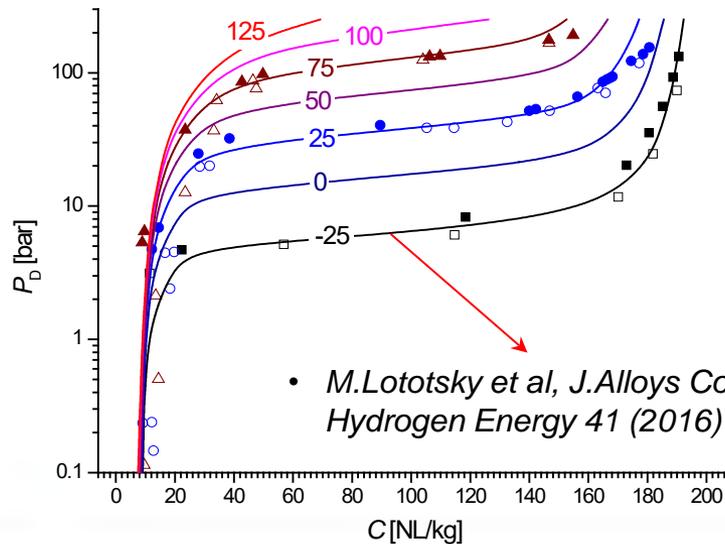


MH material



	Alloy	Hydride	
	AB ₂	AB ₂ H _{~0}	AB ₂ H _x
<i>a</i> [Å]	4.9296(3)	4.9340(2)	5.1871(8)
<i>c</i> [Å]	8.0723(9)	8.0858(4)	8.474(3)
<i>V</i> [Å ³]	169.88(2)	170.475(9)	197.46(5)
$\Delta V/V_0$ [%]	–	0.35	16.23
ρ [g/cm ³]	6.884	6.678	5.765

- **AB₂: A=(Ti,Zr), B=(Fe,Cr,Mn,Ni,V...).**
- Tuning of PCT properties by the variation of the component composition.
- H₂ pressures >10 bar at the temperatures above 0 °C.
- At T > 125 °C most of hydrogen is desorbed at P > 200 bar.
- Suitable for both H₂ storage (T=0–50 °C, P>10 bar) and compression (T=20–140 °C, P=30–200 bar).
- **Same material for H₂ storage (MH extension tank) and H₂ compression (refuelling).**



Used for the determination of safe MH load into containers

• M.Lototsky et al, *J.Alloys Comps* 356–357 (2003) 27–31; *Int. J. Hydrogen Energy* 41 (2016) 2739-2761